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Scientists have hypothesized in 1970 that the chimpanz   quota of almost 99 percent of our genetic heritage. It was a good conjecture - research in the following decades gave it right. Human beings, after all, have much in common with other animal species. We feel the pain, and if you've ever seen a cat attempt to jump on a hot stove and quickly retreat, you will have decided that the felines do, too. We have emotions, and like every dog-owner can say, their dog friends expose joyful, affectionate and even depressed behavior: And if you observe a chimpanz      - a species believed by many to share a common ancestor with human beings - you will see many traits and behaviors that seem much more human than animalistic. If it makes that small, difference 1 percent among the human beings ? And chimpanz      at genetic level, the comparison of DNA reveal some changes - a slightly changed gene here, a different protein. These deviations show us the reason why human jaws are smaller than those of chimpanzees, and because we are more or less, sensitive to certain diseases. Although the genes are very similar, their expression is not. Think of this way: sand and water can be combined to give both glass or simply wet sand.but non-evolutionary progress explain religion, art, literature or moral decision-making process? On the cognitive plane, humans are very different from most species. We have the awareness of s     , spiritual curiosity and philosophical reflections. We own the capacity for mathematics, language, invention, mechanical adaptation and music. Chimps form community, but there is a wide gap between this community and human culture. And while chimpanzees show the awareness of recognisance in mirrors, there is still no evidence that this self-awareness leads them to reflect the largest mysteries of the universe (which, in their case, could be requested From the question, "What makes chimpanz      chimpanz     ?") These collective differences seem to compensate for the human 'soul', and what makes humans human.what exactly defines and constitutes the soul is a philosophic demand they reflected to From ancient times. At the time of the death of Socrates in the fifth century, the term 'soul' was used in the same way that is used today - not only what differentiates the living from the dead, but as something responsible for our sense of Justice, foresight, introspection and our different emotional states. It is interesting to note that some branches of philosophical thought around V and there are a century kept animals and plants had pure souls and some philosophers - such as empedocles, Anassagora and Democritus - does not distinguish between animals and plants, because both were alive [Source: Lorenz] regardless, our thoughts seem much more complex than those of other species. You could object that this is because we are Chimp 2.0 - a better version of a basic model. The other argument is that we have become something completely different, due to an evolutionary mix-up or even a higher power. If you are of a certain age, you remember a series of spots for the Chiffon margarine characterized nothing but mother nature itself. In one, she is delivered a plate of bright yellow spread and tasting, she declares to be "her delicious butter of her." But when the narrator tells her no, actually he is chiffon, she growl, "it's not nice to deceive mother nature", and convenges with anger a flash of lightning.if we have as species we are honest with ourselves, we would like Admitting not only that it is not nice to fool with mother nature, but that can be senseless as well. There have been many infamous accidents in history when we tried to overcome the power and scale of our planet and its forces only Discover we can not hang. Remember the "practically unknown" Titanic, whose inaugural journey in 1912 was a shortcut from an iceberg who sent more than 1,500 passengers of a watery death? [Source: staff.com personal] or the Banqiao dam in China, which collapsed in 1975 under the pressure of strong rains, causing the la of 62 dams below it and killing 171,000 people? [Source: fish] We could move forward. But for the next 10 pages, we try to forget those bankruptcies and instead they remember the times that fool with mother nature A and actually succeeded in Win.One Great way to show mother nature who commands is to jump a hole through one of the planet Large mountain chains. And this is exactly what Switzerland hopes to do in 1992, when the voters funds to build 35 miles (57 kilometers) San Gotardo through the heart of the European Alps approved. At its completion in 2016, it has become the longest railway tunnel of the World.Nothing on the project was easy, fast or cheap. To build the two parallels, Single-Track tunnels, 2,600 workers had to dig and make way through 73 different types of rock and remove 30.9 million tons (20 million tons) of debris. A further 5.2 million cubic yards (4 million cubic meters) of concrete was then pumped again in the tunnel to finish out. Not surprisingly, the massive project has a huge 17 years to complete, a figure perhaps obscured only from its cost: \$ 12.5 billion dollars. Fully operational, the tunnel is expected to handle 260 freight trains and 65 passenger trains a day, every rendering the journey through the tubes in just 17 minutes. It will take one million trucks a year of pause the path and help keep the Alps beautiful and quiet for generations to come [Source: BBC]. Nature has tried to kill the human race with the disease from the day we got up On two legs, and for most of our history we were powerless to stop it. It was not up to the past 200 or so many years we really started understanding what causes the disease, as it spreads and how to treat it. Those discovered have made wonders to improve general health and life span and even gave us a bit of victories. It is quite pending as a discovery was made in 1854, during a cholera epidemic in the London district of Soho , near the intersection of Cambridge and wide streets. In a single week, about 500 people have died of the disease, which causes severe diarrhea and dehydration. Local officials rejected as an inevitable result of miasmi, or "bad air" contaminated by decomposition particles. John Snow, a Surgeon of London and Doctor, had other ideas. He started a detailed study in which he interviewed the residents and traced cases of cholera in the Neighborhood.The map was surprisingly conclusive: showed almost all deaths were grouped with drums roller around a Water Pump Broad Street. As a result of the discoveries of him, snow convinced the city officials to turn off the pump, which was then discovered that he was contaminated by puddles of sewage nearby. The epidemic has concluded, and Snow has shown that human beings could sometimes outsmart illness through epidemiology, or the systematic study of models, causes and effects of the disease [source: Kukawadia]. wind, earthquakes, floods and Fires    can all be fierce forces of nature. But the judges exclusively on persistence, the most powerful force prize on the planet should have gained to the strength of gravity. It is constantly trying to break down everything that humans accumulate. That's why the Akashi Bridge on the strait, with its main beaded rector of 6,532 feet (1,991 meters), is such a surprising engineering victory [Source: British encyclopedia]. Completed in 1998, the Akashi Bridge on the Strait of door on a street with six lanes among the Japanese towns of Kobe and Iwago. Everything is large: it extends for a total of 12,831 feet (3,911 meters) through three spans that are suspended by two towers of 975 feet (297 meters) high. Given its position in a stormy-and-seismic part of the world, engineers had to design to resist not only gravity forces, but twenty to 180 miles per hour and magnitude 8.5 shocks [source: WGBH]. This was made by placing 20 Mass Damper in each tower. These large suspended weights are designed to oscillate in opposite direction of the bridge and essentially cancel any influence could occur. Still, don't expect nature didn't go down without fighting. Remember 6,532 feet (1,991 meters) Main span? It was originally designed to be 6,529 feet (1,990 meters) throughout, but while the bridge was under construction, a terrible earthquake moved the three-feet tower more distant! [Source: British encyclopedia] Some philosophers and religions believe that humans are violent by nature. It is a concept that does not seem too unlikely: to bring Europe, which has hundreds of expert conflicts for the past millennium, causing the death of millions of people. Given this long and coherent discord story, the European Union formation is like a pretty surprising victory of cooperation for a species that I really can't get along the 1950s the devastation of the Second World War was still fresh on the minds of Europe. Some leaders, such as French Foreign Minister Robert Schuman, heard the best way to avoid such a terrible conflict in the future was to increase economic cooperation between countries. Enter the European coal and steel community, a commercial organization established in 1951, which consisted of six European countries. It was the beginning of the economic and political process that eventually led to the European Union formation (EU) in 1993.as in June 2016, the European Union consists of 28 independent nations, which are required to comply with the agreements Group trade involving the circulation of goods, capitals and services. Not only did he help maintain peace, but Europe is made of economic power: the total gross domestic product of the members, or the value of the goods and services that produce in a year, is 14.3 trillion of Euro. This means that if the EU was a country would compete with the United States as the largest economy in the world [source: Wiknsen]. along the border between Pakistan and China are higher mountain ranges in the world to Karakoram, L 'Hindu Kush and the Himalayas where peaks regularly owe 20,000 feet (6,096 meters). The highest mountain in the region is the formidable K2, which, at 28,251 feet (8,611 meters), is second in height only at Mount Everest. It is through this incredibly robust terrain that Roadbuilders made up a road that some now call the "eighth wonder of the world". The Karakoram Highway, which follows roughly the path of the legendary silk street, was just more than a dirt path for ass before the construction began in 1960. In a period of two decades, 20,000 Chinese and 15,000 workers Pakistani slowly carved their way through deep gorges and long mountains soaring to complete the road 800 miles (1,300 kilometers) since 1979. Topping out at 15,397 feet (4,693 meters), the road was open only four months a year until it was Paved in the 2010s, allowing snowplough to keep it open all year round.Despite this imposing engineering work, nature did not go without fighting. Explosions and falls more than 800 Pakistani workers and at least 82 Chinese (although many Chinese dead has probably went not declared) [Source: Kazim]. In 2010 a landslide has created a huge lake that has flooded by 13.7 miles (22 kilometers) of the road, forcing the vehicles to travel the stretch by boat. Even with this problem now solved, the crews are constantly at work to repair the damage from landslides, washing and other problems along one of the highest asphalted international roads in the world [source: Ziman]. SomeTimes when you win, will lose. This is the case of synthetic nitrous fertilizers, an agricultural miracle that has helped feed a growing world population, but also caused some enough environmental problems that Still treating for this day.To understand why synthetic nitrous fertilizers was a great deal, it is the need for a quick biochemistry lesson. Plants need nitrogen. But most sources of nitrogen, such as guano, saltpeter and coal production by-products, offer a limited not particularly powerful. One one The source was the air, which is 78% nitrogen, but for the vast majority of plants the element is useless in this gaseous form. Here's where Fritz Haber pharmacy comes into play. He found a way to take nitrogen from the air and transforming it into ammonia, a compound of nitrogen and hydrogen that plants can absorb. The discovery led to the widespread use of synthetic nitrogen fertilizer, which helped improve crop yields, and, consequently, helped to increase the world population from 1.6 billion to 6 billion during the 20th century [source : Keifer]. So what's wrong that? For one, fertilizers release nitrogen oxide, a powerful greenhouse gas and a nitrogen oxide, which reduces the ability of the atmosphere to protect us from ultraviolet radiation and causes smog. Nitrogen outflow from agricultural lands also created Algal flourishes that create huge dead areas in the oceans of the world. And finally, Fritz Haber continued to make pioneering progress in the chemical war, which caused many scientists to protest his Nobel prize in 1918 [Source: Simpson]. It is something to treat a disease or educate people on how to prevent it. But completely eradicating it from the face of the earth? This is an extremely rare victory, but it is a man that humans have brewed against the devastating Vaiots virus. Iscients believe that the smallpox started in northern Africa about 10,000 years ago, giving him a lot of time to devastate the human race. From the fourth century things they were rather bad: the disease killed 14% of the Europeans who contravi him, or about 400,000 annuals [sources: Riedel, Whippes]. Even worse was the way it is almost wiped out the indigenous people of North and South America, which had no resistance to the diseases carried by European colonizers. It came a British doctor named Edward Jenner, who, like many people of time, notically that Milkmaids rarely has a smallpox. He thought it could be because they often went with a similar disease called Cowpox. So Jenner took a bit of Goop from a pile of Milkmaid cowpox and gave a young boy who then tried to infect with the smallpox (it was 1796, so no one called the questionable ethics of him). The boy never got sick, and the vaccine was born. Thanks to the spread of the vaccine, the World Health Organization has declared the smallpox took place in 1980, saving as many as 5 million lives each year [sources: whippes, unicef]. sitting in our controlled climate houses, it is easy to forget like beings Humans have tried to beat the heat for most of our history: with a good variety of hands and sweat of the old style hand. Despite these and other primitive efforts to cool off, it was hot that has always beaten us - until the air conditioning has arrived. Air conditioning conditioning was started as an industrial tool before it has worked slowly at home. The story begins in 1902 when a young engineer appointed Willis Carrier (which the surname should seem familiar) invented a system to control the moisture in the printing plant of his employer passing air through water-cooled coils. In 1922 carrier had improved design, making it small enough, efficient, reliable and convenient to install in cinemas throughout the country. Soon technology spread to office buildings, department stores and railways, but not so much in the houses; In 1965 only 10% of American houses had air conditioning [source: Omus]. Lower cost a cost units increased that number at 87% by 2009 [Source: U.S. Energy Department. U.S. The impact of air conditioning on American life has been enormous. At work, the comfort that provides has helped to increase ours The way we build our homes has also changed, reducing the need for high ceilings and operating windows. And it changed where we live, we too: places like Arizona and Florida boomed with air conditioning availability [Source: US Department of Energy]. If you paid attention to the news, you've probably heard something about genetically engineered (GE) foods, foods, Including crops whose DNA has been altered to make them look, taste, grow or feed better than their culture Naturally.These tend to have a lot of negative printing, which is understandable: those who do not get a little nervous when Does scientists begin messing with nature? Of course, there are important concerns that should not be taken but we take a minute for a look at some of the ways we have benefited from trying to beat nature to your own game.in 1992 Flavr Savr Calgene tomatoes has become the first GE Harvest approved by the US Department of Agriculture for commercial production, and their use has been exploded since then [Source: Rangel]. Some of the biggest successes were for the development of plants that resist typical stress factors - such as parasites, diseases, sanctures and frosts. For example, scientists have developed a variety of corn that essentially produces their pesticide to fight pyralide and a plum that resists the PLUM POX virus. GMOs can also be changed to increase nutritional content; It is a concept that is being implemented in rice to increase its vitamin A content and prevent a lack of nutrients than in 50 percent of the world population, which is based on grain and remember the Flavr Savr tomato? It is today one of the many cultures modified for a longer duration, a quality that can help reduce food waste [source: Phillips]! Did you know that the best friend of man descends from wolves? Yes, all dogs a shih tzu, fluffy       of your sister also can trace their family tree back to those big, powerful, machines to kill sharp teeth. According to the analysis of DNA and fossils, this transition from Wild to some success domesticated between 15,000 and 30,000 years ago [source: Gorman]. But what exactly has the wolves moved out of the woods and our sofas? Scientists do not know for sure, but they have some hypotheses. A theory is that humans have an active role in the process, actually removing wolf puppies from their parents and breeding for docilit  . Present thinking, however, suggests a more passive role. Tamer wolves were more likely to wander up to human camps and clean out of our waste landfills. With such abundant food, these prolific reproduced wolves until, after many generations, they produced domestic animals to be pampered that we know today [source: Gorman] Human beings .Whether actively fought the wild nature of wolves or passively let them leave that Nature Do the job, he decided to make them stick around as pets. Now look in the eyes of soft and tell us that it is not a victory for a thing of humanity.There you learn fairly quickly when you are filling out a list of ways Humanity fought against nature and won: Human beings often They think they win, just to be disappointed by some unwanted consequence along the way. Take open-air mines, in which humans make the impressive prowess to break down a mountain only for (in some cases) to leave behind a puddle of toxic water. Or think cars, which greatly increases the speed and resistance with which we are able to travel, of course, but are also among the major managers of greenhouse gas emissions. I think there is a lesson to learn here, and it's that victories about nature should not be claimed based simply on the immediate results.Related ArticleLesbbc. "Gotchard Gallery: the longest in the world and the deepest tunnel rail opens in Switzerland." 1st June 2016. (17 June 2016) Eric . "The forgotten heritage of the collapse Banqiao dam". 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